Despite European countries starting their quarantine several days before North America, the shift then as more states have followed suit to result in the highest share of remote work in the world. California was the first to announce statewide stay-at-home orders. We've seen growth since through March 15 – the period that saw the sharpest rise in remote work there. The lockdowns in Europe began in Italy on March 9, with much of the continent following suit January 6 and March 27.

500 Global 2000 companies being managed via the Aternity SaaS solution. The reports are updated regularly as we gather and analyze additional information.

Productivity Tracker. It is based on data aggregated from millions of employee devices from over 100k organizations worldwide. The data is then divided by country.

The chart below shows the increase of days worked remotely in North America since the incident. The UK and Switzerland had the highest increase in remote work-related computer usage after the government's self-quarantine edict was issued on March 24. North America saw a 72% drop in in-office work, which was offset partially by a 125% increase in remote work usage/productivity, resulting in an overall drop in productivity of 7.2%.

How have employees adjusted to remote work?

Much has been written about how companies need to adapt from both an IT and management perspective. While our findings support those who believe that the future of work is extended remote work, we're also seeing evidence that workplace productivity can return to pre-outbreak "normal." The U.S. saw a 72% drop in in-office work, which was offset partially by a 125% increase in remote work usage/productivity, resulting in an overall drop in productivity of 7.2%.

How long will it take for workplace productivity to return to pre-outbreak "normal?"

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How will employees adjust to remote work?

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